

AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_ Calendar No. \_\_\_\_\_

Purpose: In the nature of a substitute.

**IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—117th Cong., 2d Sess.**

**S. 4528**

To establish a Government-wide approach to improving digital identity, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_ and ordered to be printed

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE intended to be proposed by \_\_\_\_\_

Viz:

1 Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the fol-  
2 lowing:

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Improving Digital  
5 Identity Act of 2022”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress finds the following:

8 (1) The lack of an easy, affordable, reliable,  
9 and secure way for organizations, businesses, and  
10 government agencies to identify whether an indi-  
11 vidual is who they claim to be online creates an at-  
12 tack vector that is widely exploited by adversaries in

1 cyberspace and precludes many high-value trans-  
2 actions from being available online.

3 (2) Incidents of identity theft and identity  
4 fraud continue to rise in the United States, where  
5 more than 293,000,000 people were impacted by  
6 data breaches in 2021.

7 (3) Since 2017, losses resulting from identity  
8 fraud have increased by 333 percent, and, in 2020,  
9 those losses totaled \$56,000,000,000.

10 (4) The Director of the Treasury Department  
11 Financial Crimes Enforcement Network has stated  
12 that the abuse of personally identifiable information  
13 and other building blocks of identity is a key enabler  
14 behind much of the fraud and cybercrime affecting  
15 the United States today.

16 (5) The inadequacy of current digital identity  
17 solutions degrades security and privacy for all people  
18 in the United States, and next generation solutions  
19 are needed that improve security, privacy, equity,  
20 and accessibility.

21 (6) Government entities, as authoritative  
22 issuers of identity in the United States, are uniquely  
23 positioned to deliver critical components that ad-  
24 dress deficiencies in the digital identity infrastruc-

1       ture of the United States and augment private sec-  
2       tor digital identity and authentication solutions.

3           (7) State governments are particularly well-suit-  
4       ed to play a role in enhancing digital identity solu-  
5       tions used by both the public and private sectors,  
6       given the role of State governments as the issuers of  
7       driver’s licenses and other identity documents com-  
8       monly used today.

9           (8) The public and private sectors should col-  
10      laborate to deliver solutions that promote confidence,  
11      privacy, choice, equity, accessibility, and innovation.  
12      The private sector drives much of the innovation  
13      around digital identity in the United States and has  
14      an important role to play in delivering digital iden-  
15      tity solutions.

16          (9) The bipartisan Commission on Enhancing  
17      National Cybersecurity has called for the Federal  
18      Government to “create an interagency task force di-  
19      rected to find secure, user-friendly, privacy-centric  
20      ways in which agencies can serve as 1 authoritative  
21      source to validate identity attributes in the broader  
22      identity market. This action would enable Govern-  
23      ment agencies and the private sector to drive signifi-  
24      cant risk out of new account openings and other  
25      high-risk, high-value online services, and it would

1 help all citizens more easily and securely engage in  
2 transactions online.”.

3 (10) The National Institute of Standards and  
4 Technology has published digital identity guidelines  
5 that address technical requirements for identity  
6 proofing and the authentication of users, but those  
7 guidelines do not cover requirements for providing  
8 identity attribute validation services that could be  
9 used to support identity proofing.

10 (11) It should be the policy of the Federal Gov-  
11 ernment to use the authorities and capabilities of the  
12 Federal Government, in coordination with State,  
13 local, Tribal, and territorial partners and private  
14 sector innovators, to enhance the security, reliability,  
15 privacy, equity, accessibility, and convenience of con-  
16 sent-based digital identity solutions that support and  
17 protect transactions between individuals, government  
18 entities, and businesses, and that enable people in  
19 the United States to prove who they are online.

20 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

21 In this Act:

22 (1) APPROPRIATE NOTIFICATION ENTITIES.—

23 The term “appropriate notification entities”  
24 means—

25 (A) the President;

1 (B) the Committee on Homeland Security  
2 and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and

3 (C) the Committee on Oversight and Re-  
4 form of the House of Representatives.

5 (2) DIGITAL IDENTITY VERIFICATION.—The  
6 term “digital identity verification” means a process  
7 to verify the identity or an identity attribute of an  
8 individual accessing a service online or through an-  
9 other electronic means.

10 (3) DIRECTOR.—The term “Director” means  
11 the Director of the Task Force.

12 (4) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term “Federal  
13 agency” has the meaning given the term in section  
14 102 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and  
15 Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5122).

16 (5) IDENTITY ATTRIBUTE.—The term “identity  
17 attribute” means a data element associated with the  
18 identity of an individual, including, the name, ad-  
19 dress, or date of birth of an individual.

20 (6) IDENTITY CREDENTIAL.—The term “iden-  
21 tity credential” means a document or other evidence  
22 of the identity of an individual issued by a govern-  
23 ment agency that conveys the identity of the indi-  
24 vidual, including a driver’s license or passport.

1           (7) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means  
2           the Secretary of Homeland Security.

3           (8) TASK FORCE.—The term “Task Force”  
4           means the Improving Digital Identity Task Force  
5           established under section 4(a).

6 **SEC. 4. IMPROVING DIGITAL IDENTITY TASK FORCE.**

7           (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the  
8           Executive Office of the President a task force to be known  
9           as the “Improving Digital Identity Task Force”.

10          (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Task Force shall  
11          be to establish and coordinate a government-wide effort  
12          to develop secure methods for Federal, State, local, Tribal,  
13          and territorial agencies to improve access and enhance se-  
14          curity between physical and digital identity credentials,  
15          particularly by promoting the development of digital  
16          versions of existing physical identity credentials, including  
17          driver’s licenses, e-Passports, social security credentials,  
18          and birth certificates, to—

19                (1) protect the privacy and security of individ-  
20                uals;

21                (2) support reliable, interoperable digital iden-  
22                tity verification in the public and private sectors;  
23                and

24                (3) in achieving paragraphs (1) and (2), place  
25                a particular emphasis on—

- 1 (A) reducing identity theft and fraud;  
2 (B) enabling trusted transactions; and  
3 (C) ensuring equitable access to digital  
4 identity verification.

5 (c) DIRECTOR.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Task Force shall have  
7 a Director, who shall be appointed by the President.

8 (2) POSITION.—The Director shall serve at the  
9 pleasure of the President.

10 (3) PAY AND ALLOWANCES.—The Director shall  
11 be compensated at the rate of basic pay prescribed  
12 for level II of the Executive Schedule under section  
13 5313 of title 5, United States Code.

14 (4) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Director shall have  
15 substantive technical expertise and managerial ac-  
16 men that—

17 (A) is in the business of digital identity  
18 management, information security, or benefits  
19 administration;

20 (B) is gained from not less than 1 organi-  
21 zation; and

22 (C) includes specific expertise gained from  
23 academia, advocacy organizations, or the pri-  
24 vate sector.

1           (5) EXCLUSIVITY.—The Director may not serve  
2           in any other capacity within the Federal Government  
3           while serving as Director.

4           (6) TERM.—The term of the Director, including  
5           any official acting in the role of the Director, shall  
6           terminate on the date described in subsection (k).

7           (d) MEMBERSHIP.—

8           (1) FEDERAL GOVERNMENT REPRESENTA-  
9           TIVES.—The Task Force shall include the following  
10          individuals or the designees of such individuals:

11                   (A) The Secretary.

12                   (B) The Secretary of the Treasury.

13                   (C) The Director of the National Institute  
14                   of Standards and Technology.

15                   (D) The Director of the Financial Crimes  
16                   Enforcement Network.

17                   (E) The Commissioner of Social Security.

18                   (F) The Secretary of State.

19                   (G) The Administrator of General Services.

20                   (H) The Director of the Office of Manage-  
21                   ment and Budget.

22                   (I) The Postmaster General of the United  
23                   States Postal Service.

24                   (J) The National Cyber Director.



1 (K) The heads of other Federal agencies or  
2 offices as the President may designate or invite,  
3 as appropriate.

4 (2) STATE, LOCAL, TRIBAL, AND TERRITORIAL  
5 GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVES.—The Director  
6 shall appoint to the Task Force 6 State, local, Trib-  
7 al, and territorial government officials who represent  
8 agencies that issue identity credentials and who  
9 have—

10 (A) experience in identity technology and  
11 services;

12 (B) knowledge of the systems used to pro-  
13 vide identity credentials; or

14 (C) any other qualifications or com-  
15 petencies that may help achieve balance or oth-  
16 erwise support the mission of the Task Force.

17 (3) NONGOVERNMENTAL EXPERTS.—

18 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall ap-  
19 point to the Task Force 5 nongovernmental ex-  
20 perts.

21 (B) SPECIFIC APPOINTMENTS.—The ex-  
22 perts appointed under subparagraph (A) shall  
23 include the following:

24 (i) A member who is a privacy and  
25 civil liberties expert.

1 (ii) A member who is a technical ex-  
2 pert in identity verification.

3 (iii) A member who is a technical ex-  
4 pert in cybersecurity focusing on identity  
5 verification services.

6 (iv) A member who represents an in-  
7 dustry identity verification service provider.

8 (v) A member who represents a party  
9 that relies on effective identity verification  
10 services to conduct business.

11 (e) WORKING GROUPS.—The Director shall organize  
12 the members of the Task Force into appropriate working  
13 groups for the purpose of increasing the efficiency and ef-  
14 fectiveness of the Task Force, as appropriate.

15 (f) MEETINGS.—The Task Force shall—

16 (1) convene at the call of the Director; and

17 (2) provide an opportunity for public comment  
18 in accordance with section 10(a)(3) of the Federal  
19 Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).

20 (g) DUTIES.—In carrying out the purpose described  
21 in subsection (b), the Task Force shall—

22 (1) identify Federal, State, local, Tribal, and  
23 territorial agencies that issue identity credentials or  
24 hold information relating to identifying an indi-  
25 vidual;

1           (2) assess restrictions with respect to the abili-  
2           ties of the agencies described in paragraph (1) to  
3           verify identity information for other agencies and  
4           nongovernmental organizations;

5           (3) assess any necessary changes in statutes,  
6           regulations, or policy to address any restrictions as-  
7           sessed under paragraph (2);

8           (4) recommend a standards-based architecture  
9           to enable agencies to provide services relating to dig-  
10          ital identity verification in a way that—

11           (A) is secure, protects privacy, and pro-  
12           tects individuals against unfair and misleading  
13           practices;

14           (B) prioritizes equity and accessibility;

15           (C) requires individual consent for the pro-  
16           vision of digital identify verification services by  
17           a Federal, State, local, Tribal, or territorial  
18           agency; and

19           (D) is interoperable among participating  
20           Federal, State, local, Tribal, and territorial  
21           agencies, as appropriate and in accordance with  
22           applicable laws;

23           (5) recommend principles to promote policies  
24           for shared identity proofing across public sector

1 agencies, which may include single sign-on or broad-  
2 ly accepted attestations;

3 (6) identify funding or other resources needed  
4 to support the agencies described in paragraph (4)  
5 that provide digital identity verification, including  
6 recommendations with respect to the need for and  
7 the design of a Federal grant program to implement  
8 the recommendations of the Task Force and facili-  
9 tate the development and upgrade of State, local,  
10 Tribal, and territorial highly-secure interoperable  
11 systems that enable digital identity verification;

12 (7) recommend funding models to provide dig-  
13 ital identity verification to private sector entities,  
14 which may include fee-based funding models;

15 (8) determine if any additional steps are nec-  
16 essary with respect to Federal, State, local, Tribal,  
17 and territorial agencies to improve digital identity  
18 verification and management processes for the pur-  
19 pose of enhancing the security, reliability, privacy,  
20 accessibility, equity, and convenience of digital iden-  
21 tity solutions that support and protect transactions  
22 between individuals, government entities, and busi-  
23 nesses; and

1           (9) undertake other activities necessary to as-  
2           sess and address other matters relating to digital  
3           identity verification, including with respect to—

4                   (A) the potential exploitation of digital  
5           identity tools or associated products and serv-  
6           ices by malign actors;

7                   (B) privacy implications; and

8                   (C) increasing access to foundational iden-  
9           tity documents.

10          (h) PROHIBITION.—The Task Force may not implic-  
11       itly or explicitly recommend the creation of—

12                   (1) a single identity credential provided or man-  
13           dated by the Federal Government for the purposes  
14           of verifying identity or associated attributes;

15                   (2) a unilateral central national identification  
16           registry relating to digital identity verification; or

17                   (3) a requirement that any individual be forced  
18           to use digital identity verification for a given public  
19           purpose.

20          (i) REQUIRED CONSULTATION.—The Task Force  
21       shall closely consult with leaders of Federal, State, local,  
22       Tribal, and territorial governments and nongovernmental  
23       leaders, which shall include the following:

24                   (1) The Secretary of Education.

1           (2) The heads of other Federal agencies and of-  
2           fices determined appropriate by the Director.

3           (3) State, local, Tribal, and territorial govern-  
4           ment officials focused on identity, such as informa-  
5           tion technology officials and directors of State de-  
6           partments of motor vehicles and vital records bu-  
7           reaus.

8           (4) Digital privacy experts.

9           (5) Civil liberties experts.

10          (6) Technology and cybersecurity experts.

11          (7) Users of identity verification services.

12          (8) Representatives with relevant expertise from  
13          academia and advocacy organizations.

14          (9) Industry representatives with experience im-  
15          plementing digital identity systems.

16          (10) Identity theft and fraud prevention ex-  
17          perts, including advocates for victims of identity  
18          theft and fraud.

19          (j) REPORTS.—

20                 (1) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days  
21                 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director  
22                 shall submit to the appropriate notification entities  
23                 a report on the activities of the Task Force, includ-  
24                 ing—

25                         (A) recommendations on—

1 (i) priorities for research and develop-  
2 ment in the systems that enable digital  
3 identity verification, including how the pri-  
4 orities can be executed;

5 (ii) the standards-based architecture  
6 developed pursuant to subsection (g)(4);

7 (iii) methods to leverage digital driv-  
8 er's licenses, distributed ledger technology,  
9 and other technologies; and

10 (iv) priorities for research and devel-  
11 opment in the systems and processes that  
12 reduce identity fraud; and

13 (B) summaries of the input and rec-  
14 ommendations of the leaders consulted under  
15 subsection (i).

16 (2) INTERIM REPORTS.—

17 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Director may sub-  
18 mit to the appropriate notification entities in-  
19 terim reports the Director determines necessary  
20 to support the work of the Task Force and edu-  
21 cate the public.

22 (B) MANDATORY REPORT.—Not later than  
23 the date that is 18 months after the date of en-  
24 actment of this Act, the Director shall submit

1 to the appropriate notification entities an in-  
2 terim report addressing—

3 (i) the matters described in para-  
4 graphs (1), (2), (4), and (6) of subsection  
5 (g); and

6 (ii) any other matters the Director de-  
7 termines necessary to support the work of  
8 the Task Force and educate the public.

9 (3) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days  
10 before the date described in subsection (k), the Di-  
11 rector shall submit to the appropriate notification  
12 entities a final report that includes recommendations  
13 for the President and Congress relating to any rel-  
14 evant matter within the scope of the duties of the  
15 Task Force.

16 (4) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The Task Force  
17 shall make the reports required under this sub-  
18 section publicly available on centralized website as  
19 an open Government data asset (as defined in sec-  
20 tion 3502 of title 44, United States Code).

21 (k) SUNSET.—The Task Force shall conclude busi-  
22 ness on the date that is 3 years after the date of enact-  
23 ment of this Act.



1 **SEC. 5. SECURITY ENHANCEMENTS TO FEDERAL SYSTEMS.**

2 (a) GUIDANCE FOR FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Not later  
3 than 180 days after the date on which the Director sub-  
4 mits the report required under section 4(j)(1), the Direc-  
5 tor of the Office of Management and Budget shall issue  
6 guidance to Federal agencies for the purpose of imple-  
7 menting any recommendations included in such report de-  
8 termined appropriate by the Director of the Office of Man-  
9 agement and Budget.

10 (b) REPORTS ON FEDERAL AGENCY PROGRESS IM-  
11 PROVING DIGITAL IDENTITY VERIFICATION CAPABILI-  
12 TIES.—

13 (1) ANNUAL REPORT ON GUIDANCE IMPLEMEN-  
14 TATION.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the  
15 issuance of guidance under subsection (a), and an-  
16 nually thereafter, the head of each Federal agency  
17 shall submit to the Director of the Office of Manage-  
18 ment and Budget a report on the efforts of the Fed-  
19 eral agency to implement that guidance.

20 (2) PUBLIC REPORT.—

21 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 45 days  
22 after the date of the issuance of guidance under  
23 subsection (a), and annually thereafter, the Di-  
24 rector shall develop and make publicly available  
25 a report that includes—

1 (i) a list of digital identity verification  
2 services offered by Federal agencies;

3 (ii) the volume of digital identity  
4 verifications performed by each Federal  
5 agency;

6 (iii) information relating to the effec-  
7 tiveness of digital identity verification serv-  
8 ices by Federal agencies; and

9 (iv) recommendations to improve the  
10 effectiveness of digital identity verification  
11 services by Federal agencies.

12 (B) CONSULTATION.—In developing the  
13 first report required under subparagraph (A),  
14 the Director shall consult the Task Force.

15 (3) CONGRESSIONAL REPORT ON FEDERAL  
16 AGENCY DIGITAL IDENTITY CAPABILITIES.—

17 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180  
18 days after the date of the enactment of this  
19 Act, the Director of the Office of Management  
20 and Budget, in coordination with the Director  
21 of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Secu-  
22 rity Agency, shall submit to the Committee on  
23 Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs  
24 of the Senate and the Committee on Oversight  
25 and Reform of the House of Representatives a

1 report relating to the implementation and effec-  
2 tiveness of the digital identity capabilities of  
3 Federal agencies.

4 (B) CONSULTATION.—In developing the  
5 report required under subparagraph (A), the  
6 Director of the Office of Management and  
7 Budget shall—

8 (i) consult with the Task Force; and  
9 (ii) to the greatest extent practicable,  
10 include in the report recommendations of  
11 the Task Force.

12 (C) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—The report  
13 required under subparagraph (A) shall in-  
14 clude—

15 (i) an analysis, including metrics and  
16 milestones, for the implementation by Fed-  
17 eral agencies of—

18 (I) the guidelines published by  
19 the National Institute of Standards  
20 and Technology in the document enti-  
21 tled “Special Publication 800–63”  
22 (commonly referred to as the “Digital  
23 Identity Guidelines”), or any suc-  
24 cessor document; and

1 (II) if feasible, any additional re-  
2 quirements relating to enhancing dig-  
3 ital identity capabilities identified in  
4 the document of the Office of Man-  
5 agement and Budget entitled “M-19-  
6 17” and issued on May 21, 2019, or  
7 any successor document;

8 (ii) a review of measures taken to ad-  
9 vance the equity, accessibility, cybersecu-  
10 rity, and privacy of digital identity  
11 verification services offered by Federal  
12 agencies; and

13 (iii) any other relevant data, informa-  
14 tion, or plans for Federal agencies to im-  
15 prove the digital identity capabilities of  
16 Federal agencies.

17 (c) ADDITIONAL REPORTS.—On the first March 1 oc-  
18 ccurring after the date described in subsection (b)(3)(A),  
19 and annually thereafter, the Director of the Office of Man-  
20 agement and Budget shall include in the report required  
21 under section 3553(c) of title 44, United States Code—

22 (1) any additional and ongoing reporting on the  
23 matters described in subsection (b)(3)(C); and

24 (2) associated information collection mecha-  
25 nisms.

1 **SEC. 6. GAO REPORT.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the  
3 date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General  
4 of the United States shall submit to Congress a report  
5 on the estimated potential savings, including estimated an-  
6 nual potential savings, due to the increased adoption and  
7 widespread use of digital identification, of—

8 (1) the Federal Government from averted  
9 fraud, including benefit fraud; and

10 (2) the economy of the United States and con-  
11 sumers from averted identity theft .

12 (b) CONTENTS.—Among other variables the Comp-  
13 troller General of the United States determines relevant,  
14 the report required under subsection (a) shall include mul-  
15 tiple scenarios with varying uptake rates to demonstrate  
16 a range of possible outcomes.